EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL OF ZAMBIA
Joint Examination for the School Certificate
and General Certificate of Education Ordinary Level

HISTORY
PAPER 1

Friday 21 OCTOBER 2011 1 hour 30 minutes

Additional materials:
Answer Booklet

TIME: 1 hour 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES
1 Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided on the 
   Answer Booklet.
2 There are twenty questions in this question paper.
3 Answer three questions.
4 Answer not more than two questions from any one section.
5 Write your answers in the separate Answer Booklet provided.
6 If you use more than one Answer Booklet, fasten the Answer Booklets together.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES
1 All questions in this paper carry equal marks.
2 You are advised to read carefully through the whole paper before choosing the questions 
you intend to answer.
3 Cell-phones are not allowed in the examination room.

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This question paper consists of 3 printed pages.
SECTION A

1. Describe the Middle Stone Age period in Central Africa. In your answer include their general way of life. [7:13]

2. Who were the Bantu-speaking peoples? Explain why and how they migrated to Central Africa before 1800. What features of their cultures are still in existence today? (You may use a sketch map to illustrate their migrations). [2:8:8:2]

3. Give an account of the Kingdom of Mwata Yamvo. In your account refer to its origin, organisation and importance in relation to state formation. [6:7:7]

4. Discuss the history of the Lozi up to 1830. [20]

5. When, why and how did the Portuguese penetrate into the Zambezi valley? Describe the 1573 treaty with Mwenemutapa. [1:4:7:8]

6. With reference to Dr. David Livingstone’s career in Central Africa, explain his work as a missionary, doctor and explorer. What were his successes and failures? [2:12:6]

7. In what ways was one of the following kings important to the history of Central Africa:
   (a) Zwangendaba of the Ngoni?
   (b) Mzilikazi of the Ndebele?
   (c) Sebetwane of the Kololo? [20]

8. Explain how explorers and missionaries contributed to European imperialism in Central Africa. Explain how Mashonaland was occupied by the B.S.A company. [6:14]

9. Which were the member countries in the Federation of Central Africa? Give reasons why the Federation was set up between 1953 – 1963 and why Africans opposed it. [3:9:8]

10. When and how did the copper mines develop in Zambia? Outline the economic effects of this development in Zambia. [8:12]
SECTION B

11 What kind of relationship developed between:

(a) the Dutch and the San?

(b) the Dutch and the Khoikhoi?

before the coming of the British at the Cape? [10:10]

12 What were the military and political changes introduced by Shaka in the Zulu Nation? Describe how Shaka died. [8:8:4]

13 Describe how the Dutch settlers were affected and how they reacted to the changes which were introduced by the British at the Cape between 1806 and 1835. [2:12:6]

14 Give an account of the problems faced by the Basuto Nation up to 1868. How did Moshesh try to solve them? [10:10]

15 Explain the controversy which surrounded the discovery and ownership of the diamond mines in South Africa. What were the results of the diamond mining? [8:12]

16 What were the causes, course and results of the Jameson Raid? [6:7:7]

17 Trace the political events that took place in South Africa from 1902 – 1910. What effects did these have on the interests of the different peoples of South Africa.? [12:8]

18 What was the origin and purpose of the apartheid system in South Africa? Outline the laws which were passed by the South African Government between 1948 and 1960. [6:2:12]

19 Write short accounts on the work and influence of:

(a) Dr. Pixley Ka Isaka Seme,

(b) Nelson Mandela. [10:10]

20 Either

(a) Describe briefly the political development in Bechuanaland in the period 1920 to 1966.

Or

(b) Describe the history of Swaziland from 1903 to 1968. [20]