1 Read these instructions carefully.
2 DO NOT turn this page before you are told. Your teacher will tell you when to turn this page to begin the questions.
3 There are 60 questions in this SOCIAL AND DEVELOPMENT STUDIES PAPER. You will be given EXACTLY 75 MINUTES to do the questions.
4 For each question, four answers are given, but only one of the four is right. Work out which is the BEST answer. Then, on your ANSWER SHEET, mark the box completely by shading the answer space of the letter of your choice. If you had chosen answer D for a question, you would show it like this:
   [A] [B] [C] [D]
5 You must SHADE your answer spaces COMPLETELY and DARKLY using an HB pencil. If you have to change your answer, you must rub out the shading VERY NEATLY before shading the new one. USE A CLEAN RUBBER.
6 When you have finished one page, go straight on without waiting to be told. If you have time left at the end of the question paper, use it to check your work carefully.
7 Look at your ANSWER SHEET. On the top left hand side is a box which should have, Examination Year, your School Number and Examination Number. It should also say Subject 2 Paper 1.
8 Look at your ANSWER SHEET again. At the bottom left hand side, it should have your Surname, Forename, Subject —Social and Development Studies, Name of Primary School and Secondary School of choice.
9 PUT UP YOUR HAND NOW IF: You have any question.
   You have the wrong answer sheet.
   You will NOT be able to ask questions once the examination has begun.
   DO NOT TURN THIS PAGE UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD.
   USE ONLY AN HB PENCIL FOR YOUR ANSWERS.
1 Which medicine helps HIV and AIDS patients live longer?
   A ARVs
   B Aspirin
   C ORS
   D Panadol

2 ‘Keep Zambia Clean’ is supposed to be practised by • • •
   A elders.
   B everybody.
   C maids.
   D schools.

3 The smoke from factories is most likely to cause • • • pollution.
   A air
   B biological
   C land
   D water

4 If a grade one pupil reported to you that she had been sexually harassed by an old man, what would you do?
   A Shout at her.
   B Report to police.
   C Take her home.
   D Tell everyone.

5 How many provinces are there in Zambia?
   A 8
   B 9
   C 10
   D 11

6 Drinking dirty water can cause • • •
   A malaria.
   B HIV and AIDS.
   C headache.
   D cholera.
7 “Ukusefya pa Ngwena” is a traditional • • •
   A ceremony.
   B dance.
   C game.
   D song.

8 There are • • • commandments in the Bible.
   A 2
   B 5
   C 7
   D 10

9 Most people who visit Zambia travel to Livingstone to see the • • •
   A boarders of the two countries.
   B industries.
   C tourist capital.
   D Victoria Falls.

10 Which one of the following is NOT an official language in Zambia?
   A Kaonde
   B Lozi
   C Luvale
   D Nkoya

11 • • • fought against apartheid in South Africa.
   A Kenneth Kaunda
   B Nelson Mandela
   C Robert Mugabe
   D Samora Machel

12 A camel is a mode of transport used in the desert because it • • •
   A can cover long distances without water.
   B has big eyes which can see far.
   C has big ears which can hear from a distance.
   D is not liked by people in other areas.
13 What do we call the process of sending messages from one place to another?
   A Telephone  
   B Internet  
   C Information  
   D Communication  

14 Jesus’ first followers were • • •
   A fishermen.  
   B hunters.  
   C poachers.  
   D singers.  

15 Wild animals are protected when they are kept in • • •
   A homes.  
   B islands.  
   C national parks.  
   D rift valleys.  

16 Communication between God and an individual is called • • •
   A baptism.  
   B offering.  
   C prayer.  
   D sacrifice.  

17 A group of people who are related by blood and marriage is called • • •
   A community.  
   B family.  
   C organisation.  
   D race.  

18 Apart from Mazabuka, where else is sugar commercially grown?
   A Ndola  
   B Kitwe  
   C Kafue  
   D Kabwe  

19 One way in which Zambian children show obedience and respect to parents is by • • • when they give them something.
   A kneeling down  
   B lying down  
   C squatting  
   D standing upright
20 Study the bar graph below and answer the question that follows.

On which day was the lowest rainfall recorded?
A  Day 1
B  Day 2
C  Day 6
D  Day 7

21 The following are basic needs except ...
A  water.
B  shelter.
C  food.
D  electricity.

22 Commercial farms in Zambia are mostly located along the line of rail because ...
A  of fertile soils and good transport network.
B  of shortage of land and water.
C  rural areas have less rainfall.
D  the government only buys farm produce near railways.

23 What do Christians celebrate during Easter? The ...
A  beginning of Christian churches.
B  birth of Jesus Christ.
C  coming of the Holy Spirit.
D  death and resurrection of Jesus Christ.
24 Cultivation of vegetables, fruits and flowers mainly for the urban market is called • • •
   A intensive farming.
   B market gardening.
   C mixed farming.
   D winter cropping.

25 • • • is a modern method of preserving food.
   A Freezing
   B Drying
   C Salting
   D Smoking

26 A chemical which causes damage to the environment is called a • • •
   A disease.
   B pest.
   C poison.
   D pollutant.

27 Growing trees prevents • • •
   A air pollution.
   B land pollution.
   C soil erosion.
   D water pollution.

28 We can use a • • • that is connected to the internet to send and receive information from all over the world.
   A computer
   B letter
   C television
   D radio

29 What do the letters SADC stand for?
   A Southern Africa Development Committee
   B Southern Africa Development Community
   C Southern Africa Division Community
   D Southern Africa Distribution Community

30 • • • were used by the San people to cut meat.
   A Axes
   B Hoes
   C Knives
   D Sharp stones
31 Which one of the following countries formed the Federation of Rhodesia and Nyasaland in Central Africa?
   A  Zambia, Zimbabwe and Angola
   B  Zambia, Zimbabwe and Malawi
   C  Zambia, Mozambique and Malawi
   D  Zambia, Malawi and Angola

32 Which of the following foods are a source of proteins?
   A  Beans, meat and fish.
   B  Beans, tomato and eggs.
   C  Fish, rice and meat.
   D  Tomato, meat and fish.

33 The TAZARA connects Zambia to · · ·
   A  Mozambique.
   B  Tanganyika.
   C  Tanzania.
   D  South Africa.

34 In the early iron age, people communicated through · · ·
   A  satellite.
   B  fax.
   C  drums.
   D  cell phones.

35 In some African tribes, when a young boy or girl comes of age, he or she goes through · · ·
   A  a traditional dance.
   B  a traditional wedding.
   C  an initiation ceremony.
   D  Christian rituals.

36 Samora Machel was the first president of Mozambique who died in a · · ·
   A  car accident.
   B  plane crash.
   C  train accident.
   D  shipwreck.
37 The chart below shows the number of million metric tonnes of maize produced by four countries in 2010.

Which country was the least producer of maize in 2010?

A Malawi
B South Africa
C Zambia
D Zimbabwe

38 Study the flag of Zambia below and answer the question that follow.

Which colours on the flag represent the natural resources of Zambia?

A Black and Red
B Green and Orange
C Orange and Red
D Red and Green
39 Which of the following is the oldest mode of transport?
   A Helicopter
   B Lorry
   C Ox-cart
   D Tractor

40 The holy city of Islam is in • • •
   A Delhi.
   B Mecca.
   C Medina.
   D Riyadh

41 Hindus worship in a place called a • • •
   A temple.
   B synagogue.
   C mosque.
   D church.

42 The largest desert in Africa is • • •
   A Kalahari.
   B Namib.
   C Nubian.
   D Sahara.

43 Before Independence, Zambia was called • • •
   A Northern Rhodesia.
   B Nyasaland.
   C Southern Rhodesia.
   D Zambezi.

44 Which religion believes in reincarnation?
   A Christianity
   B Hinduism
   C Islam
   D Judaism

45 The economic importance of TAZAMA pipeline is to transport • • •
   A passengers.
   B oil.
   C goods.
   D crops.
46 One example of an event that is celebrated in December is • • •
   A Labour Day.
   B Valentines Day.
   C World AIDS Day.
   D Youth Day.

47 The diagram below shows human settlement in Siavonga.

Which region is likely to be highly flooded?
   A W
   B X
   C Y
   D Z

48 Eastern province is known for growing • • •
   A rice.
   B pineapples.
   C groundnuts.
   D coffee.

49 During the month of Ramadan, what time of the day do Muslims fast?
   A Morning to afternoon
   B Morning to evening
   C Night to morning
   D The whole night

50 A • • • is the instrument used to measure humidity.
   A Barometer
   B Hygrometer
   C Rain gauge
   D Wind vane

51 What document does one require to go to other countries?
   A Driving License
   B National Registration Card
   C Passport
   D Police report
The road that links Lusaka and Chipata is called the Great:
A. East road.
B. North road.
C. South road.
D. West road.

53 Overgrazing occurs when:
A. farmers use a lot of fertilizer.
B. farmers use many combine harvesters.
C. too many animals are used to plough the land.
D. too many animals eat grass in one area.

54 ... is a drought resistant crop.
A. Maize
B. Rice
C. Sorghum
D. Wheat

55 Mfuwe National Park is found in:
A. Eastern
B. Luapula
C. Northern
D. Western

Study the map of Southern Africa and answer questions 56 – 60.

56 In which province marked V are pineapples mainly grown?
A. Central
B. Northern
C. North Western
D. Southern
57 It is difficult to grow many crops in the area marked W because it is a • • •
A desert.
B highland.
C plateau.
D valley.

58 Feature X is the • • • channel.
A Veld
B Suez
C Panama
D Mozambique

59 What is the capital city of country Y?
A Addis Ababa
B Antananarivo
C Cairo
D Dakar

60 What name is given to the imaginary line marked Z?
A Equator
B Greenwich
C Tropic of Cancer
D Tropic of Capricorn

STOP! PLEASE GO BACK AND CHECK YOUR WORK.